

We labelled our 'Frog Life Cycle'



Elliott

Harry G

grapheme ind.

FROG LIFE CYCLE

Can you put the pictures in the correct order?



We have been learning about Minibeasts this week.

We made paper plate Minibeasts!

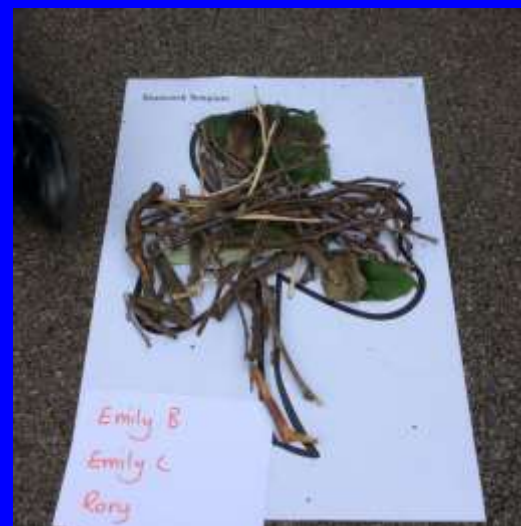
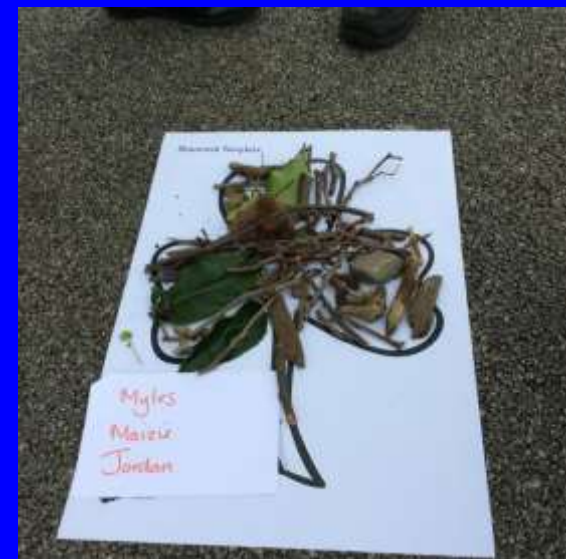


Year 1 - have been writing story openings this week. I loved Albert's and Oliver M's.

Once upon a time there was a happy little heart who lived in a cottage at the edge of the heartworld. Whenever he went outside he wore the brightest red tie that his uncle had made for him & everyone called him Evan the smart heart. One day Evan's mother had been busy baking chocolate and asked Evan to take the chocolate to his uncle who lived deep down in Heartworld. The morning was bright and sunny and Evan watched the bees buzz around but he didn't see the big grey heartbreaker hiding in the shadows...

Once upon a time there was a Penguin who lived in a cave at the edge of the arctic. Whenever he went out he went in the water he swam so fast everyone called him speedy Penguin. One day Penguin's mother had been busy making penguin soup to give it to his grandpa house who lived deep in the arctic. It was a cold and snowy day and when the snow came down where he did not see the big grey heartbreaker who was hiding in the shadows...

Year 1 have been learning about Andy Goldsworthy in our art lessons. They created 'land art' shamrocks for St. Patricks Day.



Year 2

Logan has completed some fantastic maths work this week. He partitioned two digit numbers to help him add them together and worked independently.

14/3/2017
Learning Objective
I can add 2 digit numbers by partitioning.

1.	5	1	+	3	7	=	8	8	✓
2.	7	2	+	1	1	=	8	3	✓
3.	4	5	+	2	3	=	6	8	✓
4.	4	4	+	4	4	=	8	8	✓
5.	5	6	+	3	2	=	8	8	✓
6.	6	2	+	2	5	=	8	7	✓
7.	3	4	+	2	1	=	5	5	✓
8.	5	3	+	3	1	=	8	4	✓
1.	2	5	+	2	2	=	4	7	✓
2.	4	5	+	3	4	=	7	9	✓
3.	3	5	+	2	5	=	5	9	⊗ x
4.	3	3	+	2	6	=	5	9	✓

Independent!
😊

Year 2

Isabelle M. has written a thoughtful diary of herself as a squirrel in the style of 'Diary of a Wombat'.

Monday

Morning: Because it was sunny, I slept then I climbed
the big, tall and shady oak tree!

Afternoon: When I demanded nuts, I eat them they tasted
delicious!

Evening: When I slept, it pooed it down!

Night: I was so tired, I had to sleep.

Year 3 -
Joe worked
really hard
to write
another
exciting
adventure
for the
characters in
our story
Orion and
the Dark.

I now have a new best friend. His name is Orion and he used to be scared of lots of things including ME-Dark. However, that was until one night when I appeared in his room and showed him all the fantastic things about the great darkness.

Excitedly, we travelled to many places and he overcame his fear and we are now the greatest of friends ready to go on our next big adventure.

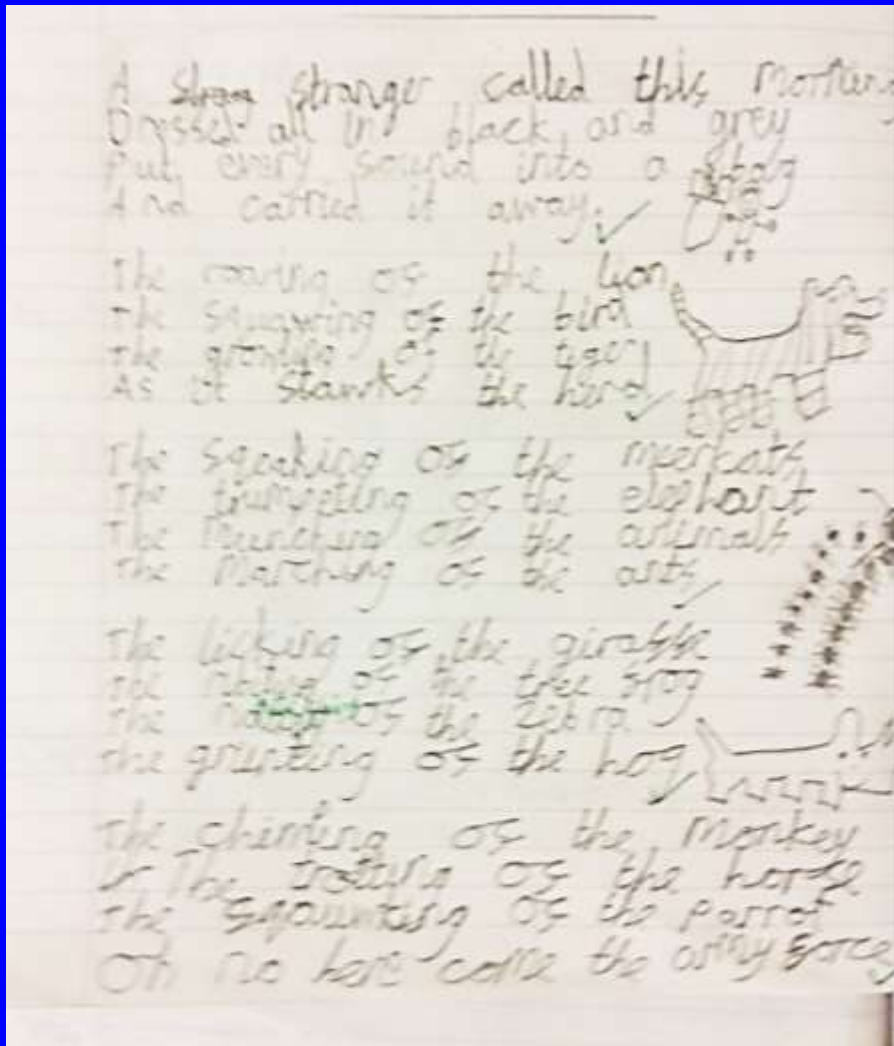
~~we~~ we need to take with us
~~lots~~ lots of food, water and a cold suit because
we want to survive the ~~hot~~ ~~hot~~ ✓
We opened the glass window and both of
us got on a jetpack. It was that sparkly
you ~~could~~ could never see it. We quickly
pulled the ~~mini~~ ~~control~~ trigger and it blasted
off like a rocket. ✓
This time the fire wasn't orange it was
red instead. ✓ AS soon as we arrived,
Orion climbed the r. rocky, dusty volcanic rocks.
The place was hot & dusty, dry & sandy.
I saw bits of bubbles they came right to
the top to the bottom. ✓
There was ~~for~~ shiny crystals and a
~~over~~ Laver Hero ✓ for a short name
Laver gy but for an even shorter name

Laver. ✓ When we got back carefully I
~~miss~~ disappeared ~~after~~ out super exciting
day. ✓ In the end, it was good I saw him.
We brought back with us six tubs and
basket of Laver, volcanic rocks and my son
I asked dad please can I go to sleep
Now. ✓

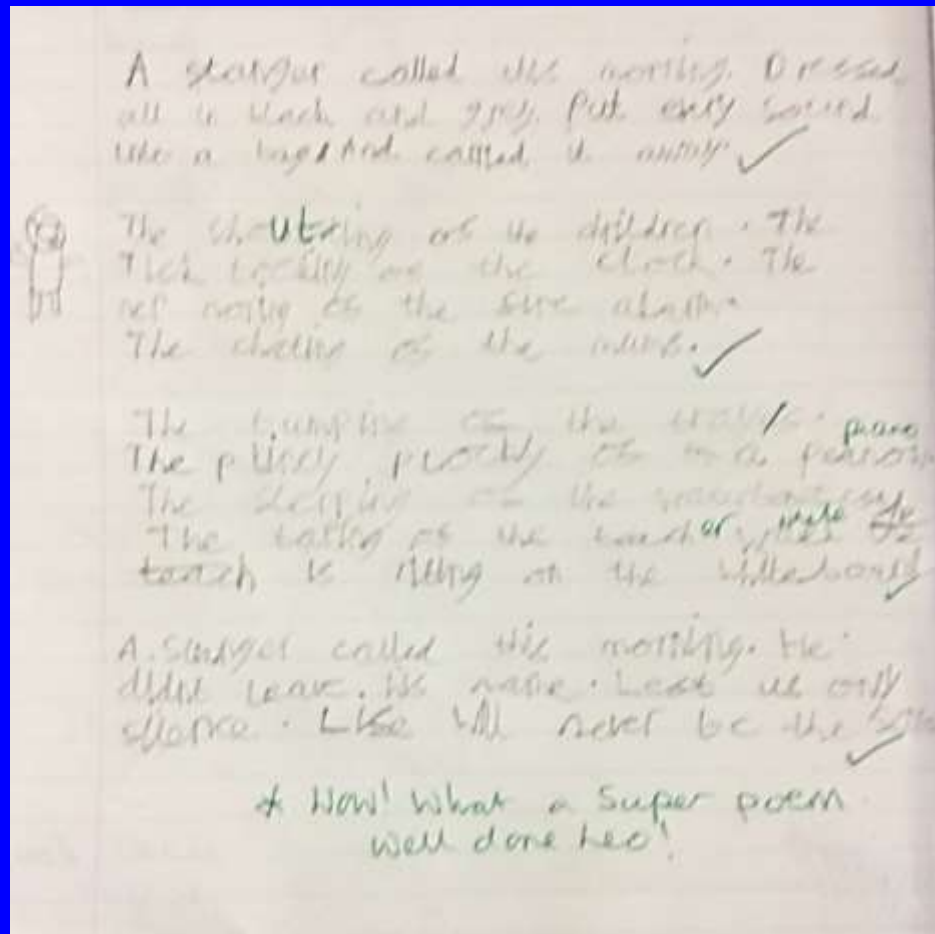
ORION! A fantastic

Year 3 - We wrote new sound collector poems.

Oliver thought of some excellent rhyming words in his poem.



Leo thought of some fantastic sounds in a school.



Year 4 - We created information texts about Australian animals. These are by Noah and Eloise.

dingo



Description
A Dingo will weigh around 25kg and will be 60cm tall. We are not certain how the Dingo got to Australia.

Habitat
The Dingo lives away from water and will often hunt in the bush. They are not stuck around any one place. They are mostly found in Australia.

Did you know?
Dingos are the largest canid in Australia.



Diet
Eats meat and very rarely eats fruit.

Question
Do dingoes eat meat? Just true or false.

Sharp claws

Dingos almost kangaroo.

Very vicious
speedy
strongly
protective

Dingos
Dingos eat that in a Jackal's nose.


Fact
Dingos protect each other with the others help.

Shark

Did you know?
The population was around 100,000 in 1950. They are extinct now. A population of 100,000 sharks is a total.

Tool chain
Shark → Seal → Human

Did you know?
That a shark can sense blood from over 15 miles under the sea.




Habitat
Sharks are found in seas, oceans and deep waters.

Special features
Sharks have eyelids but do not blink. They have very poor eye sight. Brilliant sense of smell. Sharks think we are seals when people are surfing.

Small facts about shark
1. There are 18 species of shark in Australia.
2. Sharks can weigh up to 2 tonnes.
3. Sharks have lots of bare skin.

Year 4 - These are by Jessica and Lewis.

Gambian Finch

<p><u>Scientific name</u></p> <p>The scientific name for the gambian finch is <i>Erythrura gambensis</i></p>	<p><u> diet</u></p> <p>Gambian finches are omnivores as they eat:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - seeds - grass - green plants 	<p><u>How long are they</u></p> <p>They need to be over a meter gambian finches but now they are only 25cm long.</p>
<p><u>How long they live</u></p> <p>They live up to about 50 years but their life span some that live live up to 20 or 30.</p>	<p><u>What do they eat</u></p> <p>A gambian finch is killed by bird pox or is killed by a snake by the ground.</p>	<p><u>Did you know</u></p> <p>The gambian finch has never been in the wild but in the wild of some fruit.</p>
<p><u>What they are found in</u></p> <p>They are found in mainly in western Australia.</p>		

thorny Devil

The scientific name for the thorny Devil is called a *Moloch horridus*.

The thorny Devil is armoured with spikes so any thing that eats attacks it gets hurt half by the spikes.

facts about the thorny Devil

The thorny Devil is protected by only sharp and pointed spikes.

The thorny Devil changes colour to be camouflage with the sun.



Did you know that the thorny Devil eats up to 3000 ants a day?

The thorny Devil burrows under ground to protect its self from any more dangerous animals.

Year 5-

Lila created a fantastic model of the Solar System for her homework.

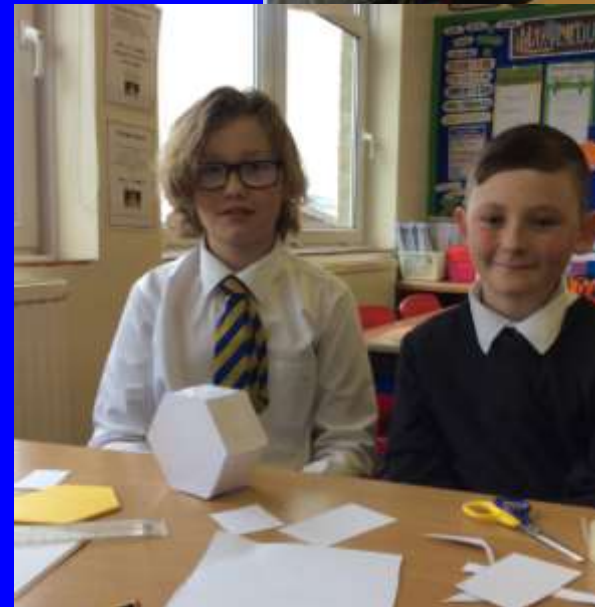


Year 5-

Lily and Reuben worked well as a pair using Oreos to show the cycle and phases of the moon.



Year 6 This week we
have been
investigating 3D
shapes.
Well done to these
shape builders.



House Point Winners!

Fourth Place - Lincoln 137

Third Place - Durham 141

Second Place - York 163

First Place - Chester 168

